### PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

### **PCT**

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## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference				
26981AWO-7A ST/stu	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Form PCT/IPEA/416		
International application No. PCT/CH2004/000461	International filing date (day/month/year) 21.07.2004	Priority date (day/month/year) 22.07.2003		
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC C02F1/00, C02F1/44, B01D61/02				
Applicant DCT DOUBLE-CONE TECHNOLO	PGY AG et al.			
This report is the international production Authority under Article 35 and tra	eliminary examination report, established insmitted to the applicant according to Ar	by this International Preliminary Examining		
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet.				
3. This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, comprising:				
a. 🖾 sent to the applicant and t	to the International Bureau) a total of 1	sheets, as follows:		
	ion, claims and/or drawings which have b	peen amended and are the basis of this report prity (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the		
☐ sheets which superse	de earlier sheets, but which this Authorit	y considers contain an amendment that goes as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the		
b. (sent to the International Les	vias raidlaci matero, in complitor rescient	number of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a e form only, as indicated in the Supplemental		
Box Relating to Sequence	Listing (see Section 802 of the Administ	trative instructions).		
4. This report contains indications re	elating to the following items:			
☑ Box No. I Basis of the op	inion			
☐ Box No. II Priority				
☐ Box No. III Non-establishm	ent of opinion with regard to novelty, inve	entive step and industrial applicability		
☐ Box No. IV Lack of unity of		oration and industrial applicability		
⊠ Box No. V Reasoned state applicability; cit	ement under Article 35(2) with regard to n ations and explanations supporting such	novelty, inventive step or industrial statement		
Box No. VI Certain docume	ents cited			
	in the International application			
☑ Box No. VIII Certain observa	ations on the international application			
Date of submission of the demand	Date of completio	on of this mood		
	Date of completio	in or alls report		
22.02.2005	01.12.2005			
Name and mailing address of the internation preliminary examining authority:	Authorized Officer	T Comments		
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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CH2004/000461

_	Box No. I Basis of the repo	rt .
1.	<ol> <li>With regard to the language, this report is based on the international application in the language in which filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.</li> </ol>	
	international search (ur	nslations from the original language into the following language, translation furnished for the purposes of: nder Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)) national application (under Rule 12.4) y examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3)
2.	With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement sheets wh have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report):	
	Description, Pages	
	1-15	as originally filed
	Claims, Numbers	
	2-11	as originally filed
	1	received on 24.02.2005 with letter of 22.02.2005
	Drawings, Sheets	
	1/6-6/6	as originally filed
	☐ a sequence listing and/or a	ny related table(s) - see Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing
<b>3.</b> 1	☐ The amendments have res	ulted in the cancellation of:
	☐ the description, pages☐ the claims, Nos.	
	☐ the drawings, sheets/figs	s
	☐ the sequence listing (sp☐ any table(s) related to s	ecify): equence listing <i>(specify)</i> :
4.	☐ This report has been estable had not been made, since they Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)	lished as if (some of) the amendments annexed to this report and listed below have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the
	☐ the description, pages	•
	☐ the claims, Nos.☐ the drawings, sheets/figs	•
	☐ the sequence listing (sp	ecify);
	any table(s) related to se	
	" II ICem 4 applies, so	ome or all of these sheets may be marked "superseded."

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CH2004/000461

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1-11

1. Statement

Novelty (N) Yes: Claims

lo: Claims

Inventive step (IS) Yes: Claims 1-11

No: Claims

Industrial applicability (IA) Yes: Claims 1-11

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

# Re Item I Basis of the report

This opinion is based on the amendments filed with the letter of 22.02.2005. Hence, claim 1 is amended, claims 2-11 are examined as originally filed.

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

- 1. Reference is made to the following documents:
  - D1: EP-A-1 161 981 (TORAY INDUSTRIES) 12 December 2001 (2001-12-12)
  - D2: EP-A-0 055 981 (MESPLE JOSE L R) 14 July 1982 (1982-07-14)
  - D3: WO 00/75510 A (UNIV TEXAS) 14 December 2000 (2000-12-14)
  - D4: WO 01/16493 A (DCT DOUBLE CONE TECHNOLOGY AG; STARK JOHN HERMAN (CH); WAGENBACH HANS) 8 March 2001 (2001-03-08)
  - D5: EP-A-1 243 748 (DCT DOUBLE CONE TECHNOLOGY AG) 25 September 2002 (2002-09-25)
- 2. The document D1 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1 and discloses (column 6, lines 5-51; figures 1-2; column 7, line 45-column 8, line 32; column 9, lines 43-46; column 11, lines 27-42; claims 15, 16, 19, 20, 30, 31):
  - A desalination apparatus for the desalination of brackish water and sea water; a multistage reverse osmosis separation which comprises reverse osmosis membrane module units arranged at multistage with a booster pump provided in the concentrate flow channel between reverse osmosis membrane module units, wherein the reverse osmosis membrane module units are arranged in multistage such that the concentrate of one stage is supplied to the next stage and the low-concentration outflows from the stages are collected. A pressure pump is in a feed water channel at the upstream side of the first stage. The pressure and booster pumps pressurize the concentrate. The concentrate from the final-stage reverse osmosis membrane module unit has pressure energy that is recovered by returning the energy directly to the energy recover turbine connected directly to the pressure pump at the first-stage

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module unit that needs the largest energy.

- 2.1 The subject-matter of claim 1 therefore differs from this known desalination apparatus in that the water treatment system comprises:
  - a well pump arrangement for drawing contaminated/saline water from a well
  - the well pump arrangement further comprises at least one double-cone device having an inlet where matter is sucked during operation wherein the brine solution is reusable as feed for the double-cone device

The subject-matter of claim 1 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).

2.2 The problem to be solved by the present invention may be regarded as avoiding the problem of disposal of brine, while at the same time recycling the brine energy.

The solution to this problem proposed in claim 1 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) for the following reasons:

D5 (paragraphs 1, 3, 12, 14, 17; figures 1, 5) discloses a similar double-cone well pump installation comprising a separator unit. However, the combined teachings of D1 and D5 do not provide the recirculation of the brine into the well pump, ie. the obtained method does not keep the brine in a closed loop.

D4 (page 6, lines 18-25; page 7, line 19-page 8, line 2; page 9, lines 1-21; page 10, lines 14-22; page 11, lines 29-35; claims 7-13; figures 4-8) discloses a similar reverse osmosis desalination apparatus using double cone technology, but still the combined disclosures of D4 and D1 do not solve the problem of rejecting the brine into the environment.

2.3 Considering D2 as the closest prior art (page 7, lines 3-8; page 10, lines 6-13; figure 4; page 13, line 24-page 14, line 19; page 15, line 28-page 16, line 31; page 18, lines 9-24; claims 1,2) and combining the disclosure of D2 with the teachings of D4 or D5 does not solve the problem of brine disposal into the environment, by the same

arguments presented above.

In conclusion, no obvious combination of D1 or D2 with any one of the documents D4 or D5 teaches to use a double-cone as the feeder pump in a well pump arrangement with the used brine driving the double-cone. More specifically, it is not obvious to conduct the brine from the separating unit to the well pump, as it is defined by claim 1.

- 2.4 Claims 2-7 are dependent on claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.
- 2.5 Following the same argumentation as in items 2 and 2.1 of the present communication, the document D1 (see citations above) is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 8.

The subject-matter of claim 8 differs from this known desalination method in that

- the water treatment system comprises a well pump arrangement for drawing saline water from a well
- utilizing the brine as a feed to run the well pump arrangement
- stopping the brine flow through the well pump when the concentration of the contamination in the brine exceeds a predetermined limit, so that brine exits the well pump into the well in order to avoid disposal of brine solution into the environment.

The subject-matter of claim 8 is therefore new (Article 33(2) PCT).

2.6 The problem to be solved by the present invention may therefore be regarded as integrating the desalination unit with a well pump arrangement to treat water from deep wells without having to dispose brine solution into the environment.

The solution to this problem proposed in claim 8 of the present application is considered as involving an inventive step (Article 33(3) PCT) for the same reasons as in items 2.2 and 2.3 of the present communication.

Furthermore, the teachings of D3 (page 3, lines 8-29; claim 1; figure 3) do not solve the above mentioned problem either.

2.7 Claims 9-11 are dependent on claim 8 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty and inventive step.

#### Re Item VIII

### Certain observations on the international application

Claims 1 and 8 do not meet the requirements of Article 6 PCT in that the following statements:

- "so that brine solution is capable to poor out .... and disposal of brine solution and into the environment is avoided" in claim 1
- "so that brine exits the well pump into the well in order to avoid disposal of brine solution into the environment" in claim 8

attempt to define the subject-matter in terms of the result to be achieved, which merely amounts to a statement of the underlying problem. These statements are not considered to be limiting as such since they do not indicate any technical features necessary for achieving this result.

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#### **CLAIMS**

- 1. A water treatment system (100) comprising:
  - a. a well pump arrangement (102) for drawing contaminated, more specifically saline, water from a well;
- the well pump arrangement comprising at least one double-cone device, the double-cone device having an inlet where matter is sucked in during operation;
- b. a purification unit (104) for separating the contaminated water into purified water and brine solution, the purification unit further comprising:
  - i. an intermediate reservoir (110) for storing the contaminated water;
  - ii. a pumping arrangement (112) to pressurize the contaminated water obtained from the intermediate reservoir; and
    - iii. a separating unit (114) to separate the
       pressurized contaminated water into purified water
       and brine solution;
- c. a brine line (106) for carrying the brine solution from the separating unit to the well pump arrangement;
  - so that brine solution is capable to pour out of the inlet of the double-cone device and to sink down in the well and disposal of brine solution and into the environment is avoided, and that the brine solution is reusable as feed for the double-cone device for reusing the energy stored in it.